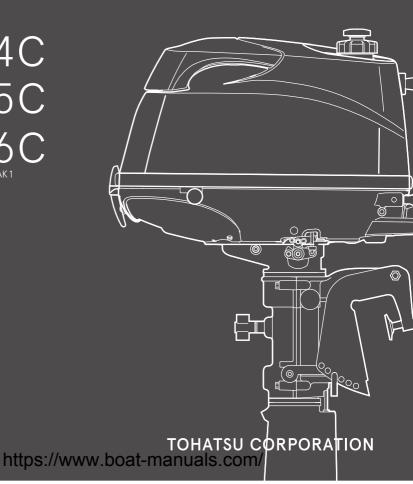
O W N E R' S M A N U A L



Original instructions







ENOM00001-0

▲ READ THIS MANUAL BEFORE USING THE OUTBOARD MOTOR. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS IN THIS MANUAL CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP THIS MANUAL IN A SAFE LOCATION FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

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YOUR TOHATSU OUTBOARD MOTOR

ENOMODOD6-A To You, Our Customer

Thank you for selecting a TOHATSU outboard motor. You are now the proud owner of an excellent outboard motor that will service you for many years to come.

This manual should be read in its entirety and the inspection and maintenance procedures described later in this manual should be followed carefully. Should a problem arise with the outboard motor, please follow the troubleshooting procedures listed at the end of this manual. If the problem persists, contact an authorized TOHATSU service shop or dealer.

All information in this manual is based on the latest product information available at the time of approval for printing.

Tohatsu Corporation reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice and without incurring any obligation.

Please always keep this manual together with the outboard motor as a reference to everyone who uses the outboard motor. If the outboard motor is resold, make sure the manual is passed on to the next owner.

We hope you will enjoy your outboard motor and wish you good luck in your boating adventures.

TOHATSU CORPORATION

ENOM00113-0

EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY (DoC)

This product conforms to certain portion of the European Parliament directive. DoC contains the following information;

- Name and Address of the manufacturer.
- Applied community directives
- Reference standard
- Description of the product. (Model name and serial number)
- Signature of the responsible person (Name / Title / Date and place of issue).

OWNER REGISTRATION AND IDENTIFICATION

Upon purchasing this product, be sure that the WARRANTY CARD is correctly and completely filled out and mailed to the addressee noted there on. This WARRANTY CARD identifies you as the legal owner of the product and serves as your warranty registration.

TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, YOUR OUTBOARD MOTOR WILL NOT BE COVERED BY THE APPLICABLE LIMITED WARRANTY, IF THIS PROCEDURE IS NOT FOL-LOWED.

ENOM00003-0

PRE-DELIVERY CHECK

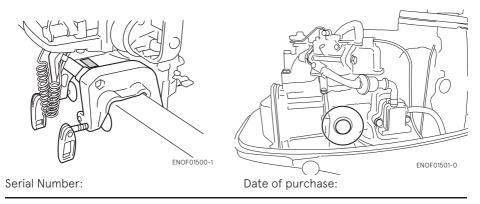
Be sure that the product has been checked by an authorized TOHATSU dealer before you take delivery.

ENOM00005-A

Serial Number

In the space below, please record the outboard motor's serial number (indicated both on the bracket and on the cylinder block). The serial number will be needed when ordering parts, and when making technical or warranty inquiries.

Serial Number:



ENOM00007-0

NOTICE: DANGER/WARNING/CAUTION/Note

Before installing, operating or otherwise handling your outboard motor, be sure to thoroughly read and understand this Owner's Manual and carefully follow all of the instructions. Of particular importance is information preceded by the words "DANGER," "WARNING," "CAUTION," and "Note." Always pay special attention to such information to ensure safe operation of the outboard motor at all times.

ENOW00001-0

Failure to observe will result in severe personal injury or death, and possibly property damage.

ENOW00002-0

Failure to observe could result in severe personal injury or death, or property damage.

ENOW00003-0

Failure to observe could result in personal injury or property damage.

enonoooo1-0 **Note**

This instruction provides special information to facilitate the use or maintenance of the outboard motor or to clarify important points.

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	\mathbf{V}	••••

GENERAL SAFETY INFORMATION

ENOM00009-0

SAFE OPERATION OF BOAT

As the operator/driver of the boat, you are responsible for the safety of those aboard and those in other boat around yours, and for following local boating regulations. You should be thoroughly knowledgeable on how to correctly operate the boat, outboard motor, and accessories. To learn about the correct operation and maintenance of the outboard motor, please read through this manual carefully.

It is very difficult for a person standing or floating in the water to take evasive action should he or she see a power boat heading in his/her direction, even at a slow speed. Therefore, when your boat is in the immediate vicinity of people in the water, the outboard motor should be shifted to neutral and shut off.

ENOW00005-0

SERIOUS INJURY IS LIKELY IF A PERSON IN THE WATER MAKES CONTACT WITH A MOVING BOAT, GEAR HOUSING, PROPELLER, OR ANY SOLID DEVICE RIGIDLY ATTACHED TO A BOAT OR GEAR HOUSING.

ENOM0008-A

EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH

The Emergency Stop Switch will stall the outboard motor when the stop switch lanyard is pulled off. This stop switch lanyard has to be attached to the operator of the outboard motor to minimize or prevent injuries from the propeller in case the operator falls overboard.

It is operator's responsibility to use the Emergency Stop Switch Lanyard.

ENOW00004-A

Accidental activation of the Emergency Stop Switch (such as the tether being pulled out in heavy seas) could cause passengers to lose their balance and even fall overboard, or it could result in loss of power in heavy seas, strong currents, or high winds. Loss of control while mooring is another potential hazard.

To minimize accidental activation of the Emergency Stop Switch, the 500 mm (20 in.) stop switch lanyard is coiled and can extended to a full 1300 mm (51 in.).

ENOM00800-A

PERSONAL FLOTATION DEVICE

As the operator/driver and passenger of the boat, you are responsible to wear a PFD (Personal Flotation Device) while on the boat.

1

ENOM00010-0

SERVICING, REPLACEMENT PARTS & LUBRICANTS

We recommend that only an authorized service shop perform service or maintenance on this outboard motor. Be sure to use genuine parts, genuine lubricants, or recommended lubricants.

ENOM00011-A

MAINTENANCE

As the owner of this outboard motor, you should be acquainted with correct maintenance procedures following maintenance section of this manual (See page 61). It is the operator's responsibility to perform all safety checks and to ensure that all lubrication and maintenance instructions are complied with for safe operation. Please comply with all instructions concerning lubrication and maintenance. You should take the engine to an authorized dealer or service shop for periodic inspection at the prescribed intervals. Correct periodic maintenance and proper care of this outboard motor will reduce the chance of problems and limit overall operating expenses.

Carbon Monoxide Poisoning Hazard

Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless and odorless gas which can be fatal if inhaled for any length of time.

Never start or operate the engine indoors or in any space which is not well ventilated.

Gasoline

Gasoline and its vapors are very flammable and can be explosive. Use extreme care when handling gasoline. You should be thoroughly knowledgeable on how to correctly handle gasoline by reading this manual.



MODEL FEATURE

Model		F4C	F	5C	Fć	sc	F6C SP*2
Туре		(D) MF	(D) MF	MF	(D) MF	MF	MF
	S	•	٠	•	•	•	
Transom heights	L	•	٠	•	•	•	•
	UL						•
Tiller Handle		•	٠		•	•	•
Remote Control *	1	(●)	(●)	(●)	(●)	(●)	(●)
Separate fuel	tank			•		•	•
Dual fuel tank		•	٠		•		
Manual tilt		•	٠	•	•	•	•

*1: Option

*2: SP model equip with charging coil as a standard.

F 6 CSUL SP

F	6	с	S	UL	SP
Model description	Horse power	Product generation	Fuel tank	Shaft length	-
F= Four stroke D= Two stroke DI	-	A and up	D=Integral & Separate (Option) S=Separate	S= Short 15 in L= Long 20 in UL= Ultra long 25 in	SP= SP model SP model equip with charging coil

2

EENOM00401-0

MF

Item	MODEL	4C(D) 5C(D) 6C(D) (Dual Tank)	5C(S) 6C(S) 6C(S) SP (Separate (Separate Tank) Tank)
Overall Length	mm (in)	783 (30.	.8)
Overall Width	mm (in)	343 (13.	5)
Overall Height S·L·UL mm (in) -		Except for USA and Canada model 1053 (41.5) 1180 (46.5) 1307 (51.5) For USA and Canada model	1039 (40.9) 1166 (45.9) 1293 (50.9)
	(1.)	1067 (42.0) 1194 (47.0) 1321 (52.0)	
Transom Height S·L·UL	mm (in)	435 (17.1) 562 (22	
	S kg (lb)	26.1 (57.5)	25.6 (56.4)
Weight *3	L kg (lb)	26.6 (58.6)	26.1 (57.5)
	UL kg (lb)	27.1 (59.8)	26.6 (58.6)
Output	kW (ps)	4C : 2.9 (4) 5C : 3.68	(5) 6C : 4.4 (6)
Max. Operating Range	min ⁻¹ (rpm)	4C & 5C : 4500-5500	6C : 5000-6000
Idle Speed in Forward Gear	min ⁻¹ (rpm)	1100	
Idle Speed in Neutral Gear	min ⁻¹ (rpm)	1300	
Engine Type		4-Strok	æ
Number of Cylinder		1	
Bore × Stroke	mm (in)	59 × 45 (2.32	2 × 1.77)
Piston Displacement	cm ³ (Cu in)	123 (7.5	5)
Exhaust System		Through hub	exhaust
Cooling System		Water coo	oling
Lubrication System		Trochoid p	oump
Starting System		Manual sta	arter
Ignition System		Ignito	r
Spark Plug		NGK DCP	R6E
Alternator		12V 60W 5A (Max.) *1
Trim Position		6	
Engine Oil	mL (fl.oz.)	API SH, SJ or SL, SAE 10W-30)/40, Approx. 450 (15.2)
Gear Oil	mL (fl.oz.)	Genuine Gear Oil or API GL5, SAE	E #80-90, Approx. 195 (6.6)
Fuel		Unleaded Regular Gasoline : R+M/2:	87 or higher RON: 91 or higher
Fuel Tank Capacity	L (US gal)	1.15 (0.30) Integral *2	12 (3.17) Separate
Gear Reduction Ratio	-	2.15 (13 :	28)
Emission Control System		EM (Engine mo	dification)
Operator Sound Pressure (ICOMIA 39/94) dB (A)		81.6	
Hand Vibration Level (ICOMIA 38/94) m/s ²		7.2	

*1:Equipped only for SP model, the other models OPTION.

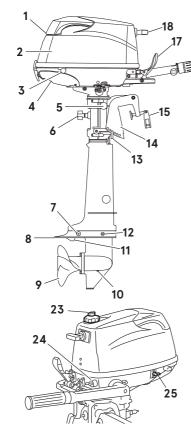
*2:In case of dual fuel tank system. Able to use together with 12 L separate tank.

Remark: Specifications subject to change without notice.



ENOM00402-A

4C, 5C, 6C

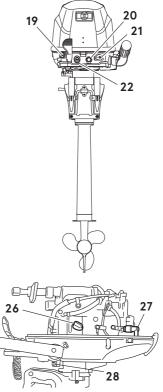


- 1 Tilt Handle
- 2 Top Cowl
- 3 Bottom Cowl
- 4 Cooling Water Check Port
- 5 Tilt Lever
- 6 Steering Adjustment Screw
- 7 Anode
- 8 Anti Ventilation Plate
- 9 Propeller
- 10 Oil Plug (Lower) (Fill)
- 11 Water Inlet
- 12 Oil Plug (Upper) (Level)

- 13 Thrust Rod
- 14 Clamp Bracket
- 15 Clamp Screw

16

- 16 Throttle Grip
- 17 Shift Lever
- 18 Starter Handle
- 19 Choke Knob
- 20 Stop Switch
- 21 Fuel Connector
- 22 Warning Lamp
- 23 Air Vent Screw
- 24 Fuel Connector



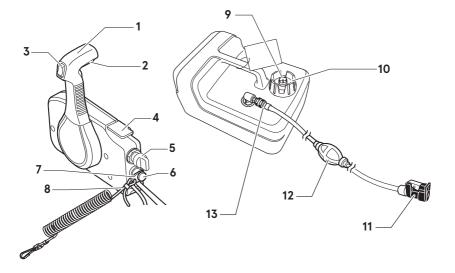
ENOF01502-0

- 25 Fuel Cock
- 26 Engine Oil Filler Cap
- 27 Spark Plug
- 28 Engine Oil Drain Screw

ENOF01404-2

ENOM00822-0

Remote control box & Fuel tank



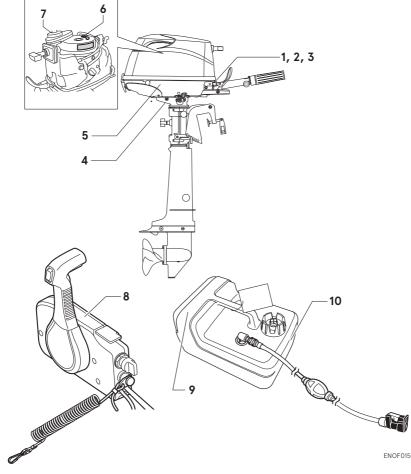
- 1 Control Lever
- 2 Neutral lock arm
- **3** PTT switch
- 4 Free throttle lever
- 5 Main switch
- 6 Stop switch
- 7 Stop switch lock
- 8 Stop switch lanyard

- 9 Air vent screw
- 10 Fuel tank cap
- 11 Fuel connector (Engine side)
- 12 Primer bulb
- 13 Fuel connector (Fuel tank side)



ENOM00019-A

Warning label locations



ENOF01503-2

1. Warning label urge to read the owner's manual.



ENOF00120-0

2. Warning label regarding oil pressure (See page 29).



ENOF00131-0

 Warning label regarding stop switch (See page 37)



ENOF00131-B

4. Warning regarding high temperature.



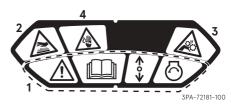
3GR-76191-0

5. Warning label regarding position of outboard motor when setting down.



ENOF00006-0

- **6-1.** Warning regarding emergency starting (See page 34).
- 6-2. Warning regarding high temperature.
- **6-3.** Warning regarding rotating object.
- 6-4. Warning regarding high voltage



 Warning regarding fuel tank cap. (See page 26) (Dual tank only)



8. Warning label regarding engine stop switch.



ENOF00008-0

9. Warning regarding gasoline (See page 25).



REMOVE FROM BOAT FOR FILLING

ENOF00005-S

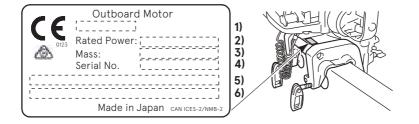
18 LABEL LOCATIONS

10. Warning regarding gasoline (See page 25).



ENOF00005-L

CE label locations



ENOF01504-1

- 1. Model code (Model name)
- 2. Rated power
- 3. Dry mass weight (Without propeller, with battery cable)
- 4. Serial No.
- 5. Manufacturer name
- 6. Manufacturer address

Description of serial number year code

Last two digits of alphabet represent production year as below.

Year Code	AK	BX	BA	BB	BC
Year of manufacture	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023



ENOM00024-B

1. Mounting the outboard motor on boat

ENOW00006-0

Most boats are rated and certified in terms of their maximum allowable horsepower, as shown on the boat's certification plate. Do not equip your boat with an outboard motor that exceeds this limit. If in doubt, contact your dealer.

Do not operate the outboard motor until it has been securely mounted on the boat in accordance with the instructions below.

ENOW00009-0

- Mounting the outboard motor without following this manual can lead to unsafe conditions such as poor maneuverability, lack of control or fire.
- Loose clamp screws and/or mounting bolts can lead to the release or displacement of the outboard motor, possibly resulting in lost of control and/or serious personal injury. Be sure that fasteners are tightened to the specified torque (30 N·m (3.0 kgf·m) 13 ft·lb). Check the fasteners for tightness from time to time.
- Be sure to use outboard mounting fasteners included in the outboard motor package or their equivalents in terms of size, material, quality and strength. Tighten fasteners to the specified torque (30 N·m (3.0 kgf·m) 13 ft·lb). Test cruise to check if fasteners are tightened securely.
- Outboard motor mounting must be performed by trained service person(s) using lift or hoist with sufficient capacity.

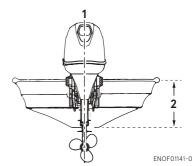
Keep the outboard motor in a vertical position when mounting.



ENOF01505-0

Position ... Above keel line

Place the outboard motor in the center of the boat's transom.



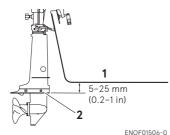
- 1. Center of boat
- 2. Boat transom

ENOM00026-0

Transom matching

Be sure that the anti ventilation plate of the outboard motor is 5-25 mm (0.2-1 in) below the bottom of hull.

If the above condition cannot be met due to the shape of the bottom of your boat, please consult your authorized dealer.



1. Bottom of hull

2. Anti ventilation plate

ENOW00007-0

- Before beginning the running test, check that the boat with maximum capacity loading floats on the water in a proper attitude. Check the position of water surface on the driveshaft housing. If the water surface is near the bottom cowling, in high waves, water may enter the engine cylinders.
- Incorrect outboard motor mounting height or existence of underwater object(s), such as hull bottom design, bottom surface conditions or underwater accessories, can cause water spray possibly reaching the engine through an opening of the bottom cowling during cruising. Exposing the engine to such conditions for extended periods can lead to severe engine damage.
- Tighten the bolts sufficiency, otherwise falling down of outboard could be happened.

ENOM00831-0

Mounting the outboard motor

- 1. Set the outboard motor to appropriate position.
- 2. Tighten the clamp screws by turning their handles.
- Secure the outboard motor to the boat with a rope to prevent accidental loss of the outboard motor overboard.

enonoo930-0 Note

Do not use tools to tighten clamp screws. Over tightening could result in damage to the clamp screws and clamp brackets.

ENON00002-0

A rope is not included in the standard accessories.



ENOF01507-A

ENOW00945-0

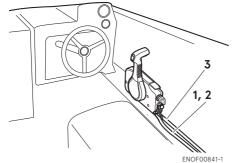
- Please inspect whether there is a loosening of the clamp screw or mounting bolts before departure.
- Loosening may cause a dangerous situation, such as loss of control.

ENOM00840-0

2. Remote control device installation (option)

ENOW00850-0

Remote control box location



- 1. Shift cable
- 2. Throttle cable
- 3. Cable harness B

Install the remote control box in a position where it is easy to reach and operate the controls.

Make sure there are no obstacles that can interfere with the operation of the remote control cable.

ENOW00850-0

Remote control cable length

ENOW00100-A

Be careful not to loop the remote control cables to a diameter of 406 mm (16 in) or less. Otherwise, it affects the service life of the cable.



ENOF00842-0

Measure the distance from the remote control box to the outboard motor where the remote control cable should be routed.

Prepare a cable that is 300-450mm (11.8-17.7in) longer than the measured distance.

Temporarily pull the cable along the intended cable route to check its length is sufficient.

Connect the remote control cable to the engine, then run the cable to the remote control box, making sure it is not sharply bent, too taut and free from obstructions that could interfere with steering.

ENOM00029-A

3. Battery installation (For SP model)

ENOW00012-0

🗥 WARNING

Battery electrolyte contains sulfuric acid and thus is hazardous, causing a burn if it comes in contact with your skin, or poisonous if swallowed.

Keep battery and electrolyte away from reach of children

- When handling the battery, be sure to:
- Read all warnings shown on the battery case

 Prevent electrolyte from coming in contact with any part of your body. Contact can cause serious burn or, if it comes in contact with your eye, loss of sight. Use safety glasses and rubber gloves.

In case battery electrolyte comes in contact with:

- Skin, flush thoroughly with water.
- Eye, flush thoroughly with water, and then seek immediate medical treatment.
- In case battery electrolyte is swallowed:
- Seek immediate medical treatment.

ENOW00013-B

Battery generates explosive hydrogen gas. Be sure to:

- Charge the battery in a well-ventilated place.
- Place the battery away from any source of fire, sparks and open flames such as burners or welding equipment.
- Do not charge the battery when the electrolyte level is low. Otherwise, the battery will be damaged and may cause malfunction.

ENOW00014-0

- Make sure that the battery leads do not get stuck between the outboard motor and boat when turning, etc.
- The starter motor may fail to operate if the leads are incorrectly connected.
- Be sure to correctly connect the (+) and (-) leads. If not, the charging system will be damaged.
- Do not disconnect the battery leads from battery while the engine is operating, the electrical parts could be damaged.
- Always use a fully charged battery.

ENOW00015-0

Do not use a battery that is not recommended. Use of a battery not recommended https://www.boat-manuals.com/

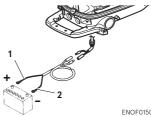
can lead to poor performance of, and/or damage to, the electrical system.

ENON00006-A Note

Recommended battery: 12V 40Ah/5HR, 350 (Cold Cranking Amps (CCA), In case of cold whether: 12V 70Ah/5HR (650CCA)) Specifications and features of batteries vary among the manufacturers. Consult the manufacturer for details.

* The battery should be purchased separately and is not supplied with the outboard motor

- 1. Connect the battery cable to the leads that come from the bottom cowl.
- 2. Place the battery box in a convenient position away from possible water spray. Securely fasten both the box and the battery so they do not shake loose.
- 3. Connect the positive lead (+) to the positive terminal (+) of the battery. and then connect the negative lead (-). When disconnecting the battery always remove the negative lead (-) first. After connecting the positive terminal (+), securely place a cap on it to prevent short circuits.



ENOF01508-0

- Battery cord (red)
- 2. Battery cord (black)

5

PRE-OPERATING PREPARATIONS

ENOM00030-A

1. Fuel handling

ENOW000017-0

Use of improper gasoline can damage your engine. Engine damage resulting from the use of improper gasoline is considered misuse of the engine, and damage caused thereby will not be covered under the limited warranty.

ENOM00031-A

FUEL RATING

TOHATSU engines will operate satisfactorily when using a major brand of unleaded gasoline meeting the following specifications:

USA and Canada – having a posted pump Octane Rating of 87 (R+M)/2 minimum. Premium gasoline (92 [R+M]/2 Octane) is also acceptable. Do not use leaded gasoline.

Outside USA and Canada – Use unleaded gasoline with declared octane rating of 91 RON or over. Use of premium gasoline of 98 RON is also allowed.

ENOM00032-A

GASOLINES CONTAINING ALCOHOL

The fuel system components on your TOHATSU engine will withstand up to 10% ethyl alcohol (hereinafter referred to as the "ethanol"), content in the gasoline. But even if the gasoline in your area contains ethanol less than 10%, you should be aware of certain adverse effects that can occur. Increasing the percentage of ethanol in the fuel can also worsen these adverse effects. Some of these adverse effects are caused because the ethanol in the gasoline can absorb moisture from the air, resulting in a separation of the water/ethanol from the gasoline in the fuel tank.

These may cause increased:

- Corrosion of metal parts
- Deterioration of rubber or plastic parts
- Fuel permeation through rubber fuel lines
- Starting and operating difficulties

If the use of gasoline containing alcohol is inevitable, or presence of alcohol is suspected in the gasoline, it is recommended to add a filter that has water separating capability, and check the fuel system for leaks and mechanical parts for corrosion and abnormal wear more frequently.

And, in case any of such abnormality is found, discontinue the use of such gasoline and contact our dealer immediately. If the outboard motor will only be used infrequently, please see the remarks on fuel deterioration in the STORAGE chapter (P 78) for additional information.

ENOW00020-1

When operating a TOHATSU engine on gasoline containing alcohol, storage of gasoline in the fuel tank for long periods should be avoided. Long periods of storage, create unique problems. In cars, alcohol blend fuels normally are consumed before they can absorb enough moisture to cause trouble, but boats often sit idle long enough for phase separation to take place. In addition, internal corrosion may take place during storage if alcohol has washed protective oil films from internal components.

ENOW00018-0

Fuel leakage can cause fire or explosion, potentially leading to severe injury or loss of life. Every fuel system part should be checked periodically, and especially after long term storage, for fuel leak, change of hardness of rubber, expansion and/or corrosion of metals. In case any indication of fuel leakage or degradation of fuel part is found, replace relevant part immediately before continuing operation.

ENOM00043-B

2. Fuel filling

ENOW00019-1

Do not fill the fuel tank over capacity. The rise of gasoline temperature may cause gasoline to expand which, may leak through air vent screw when it is open. Leaking gasoline is a dangerous fire hazard.

ENOW00028-A

A WARNING

Consult an authorized dealer for details on handling gasoline, if necessary.

Gasoline and its vapors are very flammable and can be explosive.

When carrying a fuel tank containing gasoline:

- Close the fuel tank cap and air vent screw of fuel tank cap, or gasoline vapor will be emitted through the air vent screw, creating a fire hazard.
- Do not smoke.

When or before refueling:

- Be sure to remove the static electricity charged in your body before refueling.
- The sparks due to static electricity may cause explosion of flammable gasoline.
- Stop the engine, and do not start the engine during refueling.
- Do not smoke.
- Be careful not to overfill fuel tank. Wipe up any spilled gasoline immediately.

When or before cleaning the gasoline tank:

- Dismount fuel tank from the boat.
- Place the fuel tank away from every source of ignition, such as sparks or open flames.
- Do the work outdoors or in a well ventilated area.
- Wipe off gasoline well immediately if spilled.

- After cleaning gasoline tank:
- Wipe off gasoline well immediately if spilled.
- If the fuel tank is disassembled for cleaning, reassemble carefully. Imperfect assembly may cause a fuel leak, possibly leading to fire or explosion.
- Dispose aged or contaminated gasoline in accordance with local regulations.

ENOW00029-A

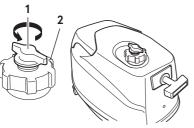
When opening fuel tank cap, be sure to follow the procedure described below. Fuel could blast out through the fuel tank cap in case the cap is loosened by using another procedure when internal pressure of fuel tank is raised by heat from sources such as sun light.

ENOW00946-0

Separate tank must be fixed at appropriate position so that well ventilated and tank does not move or fall down while operating.

1. When using integral tank

Before opening fuel tank cap, turn air vent screw two turns counterclockwise to release air pressure in the fuel tank.

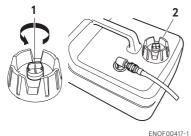


ENOF00416-A

- 1. Air vent screw
- 2. Fuel tank cap

When using separate tank

Full open the air vent screw on the tank cap and release internal pressure.

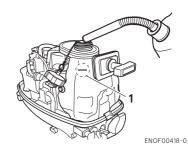


- EN
- 1. Air vent screw
- 2. Fuel tank cap
- 2. Open the fuel tank cap slowly.
- 3. When using integral tank

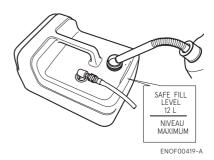
Remove top cowl and fill the fuel not to over the full mark.

When using separate tank

Fill the fuel carefully not to over flow.



1. Full mark



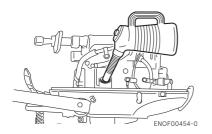
4. After filling the tank, close the fuel tank cap.

ENOM00037-A

3. Engine oil recommendation

ENOW00022-A

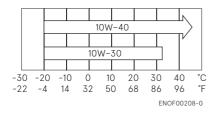
The engine oil is drained for shipping from the factory. Be sure to fill the engine to the proper level before starting engine. (To properly fill the engine with oil follow the instructions, See page 54)



Use only high quality 4-stroke engine oil to insure performance and prolonged engine life.

The SAE oil viscosity 10W-30 or 10W-40 FC-W outboard motor engine oil is recommended.

You can also use oils that carry the API rating of SH, SJ, or SL. Select the appropriate viscosity, based on atmospheric temperature, from the chart below.



ENOW0002A-A

Use of engine oils that do not meet these requirements will result in reduced engine life, and other engine problems.

]ENOM00033-A

4. Break-In

Your new outboard motor and lower unit require break-in for the moving components according to the conditions described in the following time table.

Please refer to ENGINE OPERATION section (See page 31) to learn how to correctly start and operate the outboard motor.

ENOW00024-A

Do not operate the outboard motor in closed area or area with no forced ventilation.

Exhaust gas emitted by this outboard motor contains carbon monoxide that will cause death if inhaled continuously. Inhaling the gas initially causes symptoms such as feeling of sickness, drowsiness and headache.

During operation of the outboard motor:
Keep peripheral area well ventilated.

 Always attempt to stay on the windward side of emission.

ENOW00023-1

Operating the outboard motor without break-in can shorten service life.

If any abnormality is experienced during the break-in:

- Discontinue the operation immediately.
- Have the dealer check the product and take proper action(s) if necessary.

ENON00008-0

Proper break-in allows outboard motor to deliver it full performance for longer service life.

	1–10 min	10 min – 2 hrs	2-3 hrs	3-10 hrs	After 10 hrs
Throttle Position	ldle	Less than 1/2 throttle	Less than 3/4 throttle	3/4 throttle	Full throttle available
Speed		Approx. 3000 min ⁻¹ (rpm) max	Full throttle run allowed for 1 min every 10 min	Approx. 4000 min ⁻¹ (rpm). Full throttle run allowed for 2 min every 10 min	

ENOM00039-A

5. Warning system

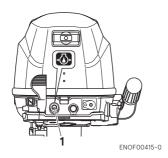
If outboard motor encounters an abnormal condition of fault, warning lamp (LED) will be on (engine will not be stopped).

See next page for conditions which will lead to an abnormal condition or fault.

ENOM00040-D

Location of warning lamp ■ Warning lamp (LED)

Tiller handle models: Located on the bottom cowl.



1. Warning lamp

ENOM00041-D

Warning indicators, faults and remedy

	Warning indicators		Description of faults	Remedy
Sound	Lamp (LED)	ESG		Kenneuy
-	On for several sec.l		Normal system test when start up	
-	-	ON	Engine speed exceeds maximum allowable RPM	1
-	ON	-	Low oil pressure ^{*1}	2

Remarks

*1: In this case, oil pressure switch is "ON".

High speed ESG (Electronic Safety Governor)

High speed ESG is a device to prevent over revolution of the engine. If the load to the engine becomes light for some reason, it runs at a higher speed than the usual. In such the case, the ESG is activated not to ignite the spark plug, therefore, the engine speed varies and be controlled under 6300min⁻¹ (rpm).

Remedy

 Reduce the throttle to less than half opening, and move to safe place quickly, and stop the engine.

Check the propeller for bent or damaged blades.

Consult an authorized dealer if engine shows the same result even after replacing propeller with new one.

2. Move to safe place quickly, and stop the engine.

Check the engine oil level, and add engine oil if necessary.

Consult your dealer if the engine oil level is too low or too high.

ENOW00025-B

High speed ESG ON: Engine speed will be limited to 6300 min⁻¹ (rpm) and engine will run rough until throttle is reduced.

6

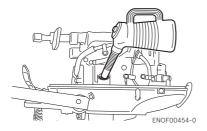
ENGINE OPERATION

ENOM00042-0

Before starting

ENOW00022-A

The engine oil is drained for shipping from the factory. Be sure to fill the engine to the proper level before starting engine. (To properly fill the engine with oil follow the instructions. See page 49)



ENOW00027-D

Before starting engine for the first time after reassembling engine or off-season storage, disconnect stop switch lock and crank approximately 10 times in order to circulate oil through the engine.

ENOM00044-C

1. Fuel feeding

ENOW00029-A

When opening fuel tank cap, be sure to follow the procedure described below. Fuel could blast out through the fuel tank cap in case the cap is loosened by using another procedure when internal pressure of fuel tank is raised by heat from sources such as sun light. ENOW00403-0

When separate tank is used for dual tank model, be sure to open air vent of integral tank as well as air vent of separate tank. If air vent of integral tank that contains fuel is closed, swelling of air in the tank by heat from engine can cause increase of internal pressure of the tank dangerously.

When using integral tank
 Loosen the air vent screw on the tank
 cap by two turns.

When using separate tank

Full open the air vent screw on the tank cap.

- 2. Open the fuel tank cap slowly and release internal pressure completely.
- 3. Set fuel cock lever to which you would like to use.



ENOF00422-0

ENOW00404-0

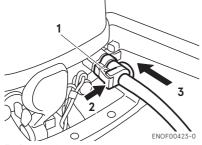
When using integral tank, disconnect fuel connector.

ENOW00947-0

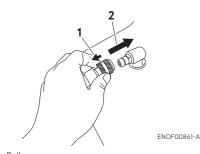
When using a separate tank, be sure that the fuel line is not kinked and is connected securely.

4. If you use a separate tank, connect the fuel connector to the engine side with pushing fuel connector lever.

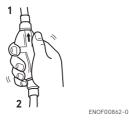
And then, connect the fuel connector to the fuel tank side.



- 1. Fuel connector
- 2. Push
- 3. Insert



- 1. Pull
- 2. Insert
- Squeeze primer bulb until it becomes stiff to feed fuel to carburetor. Direct arrow mark upward when priming.



- 1. Engine side
- 2. Fuel tank side

Do not squeeze primer bulb while engine running or when the outboard motor is tilted up. Otherwise, fuel could overflow. https://www.boat-manuals.com/

ENOM00045-C

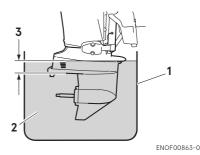
2. Starting the engine

ENOW00036-A

When the engine is started in the test tank, to avoid over heating and water pump damage, be sure the water level is at least 10 cm (4 in.) above the anti ventilation plate.

And be sure to remove the propeller, when starting the engine in the test tank. (See page 58)

Run the engine only at idling.



- 1. Test tank
- 2. Water
- 3. Over 10 cm (4 in.)

ENOW00036-0

Be sure to stop engine immediately if cooling water check port is not discharging water, and check if cooling water intake is blocked. Operating engine could lead to overheating potentially leading to engine damage. Consult an authorized dealer if the cause cannot be found. ENOW00032-B

Do not try to crank after engine has started.

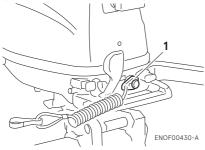
This model is provided with start in gear protection.

ENON00010-0

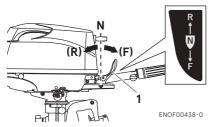
Start-in-gear protection prevents engine from starting at other than neutral shift. In-gear starting of engine will move the boat immediately, potentially leading to falling down or causing passenger(s) to be thrown overboard.

Tiller handle type

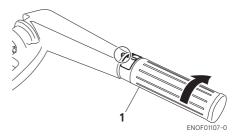
 Be sure to install the stop switch lock to the stop switch, and attach the stop switch lanyard securely to the operator or to the operator's PFD (Personal Flotation Device.)



- 1. Stop switch lock
- 2. Set the shift lever in the Neutral position.



3. Set the throttle grip to START position.



- 1. Throttle grip
- 4. Pull the choke knob fully.

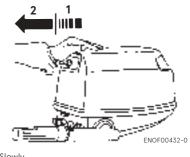
ENON00501-0

Choke is not necessary when the engine is warm. Set the throttle grip to "RE-START" position.

enon00502-0 **Note**

If engine does not start with 4 or 5 times starting operation, push the knob back and restart.

 Pull the starter handle slowly until you feel engagement, keep pulling till you feel less resistance. Then pull it quickly. repeat if necessary until started.



1. Slowly 2. Quickly

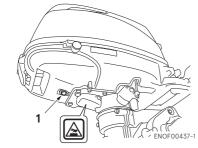
https://www.boat-manuals.com/

1. Shift lever

ENOW00064-0

Engine may be hot immediately after operating and could cause burns if touched. Allow engine to cool down before attempting to carry the outboard.

- After engine starting, return the choke knob while check the engine speeds. if the engine speeds unstable, pull the choke knob to operated.
- 7. Check the cooling water from cooling water check port.



1. Cooling water check port

Emergency starting

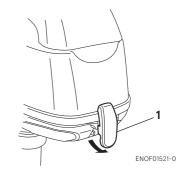
ENOW00099-A

A WARNING

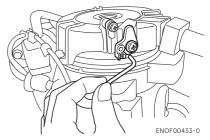
When the emergency starter rope is used for starting engine;

- Start in gear protection does not work. Be sure to shift is at neutral position. Otherwise the engine will move the boat immediately and cause personal injury.
- Be careful that your clothes or other items do not get caught in the rotating engine parts.
- To prevent accident and injury by rotating parts, do not re-attach flywheel cover and the top cowl after the engine has been started.
- Do not pull starter rope if any bystander is behind. The action can injure the bystander.

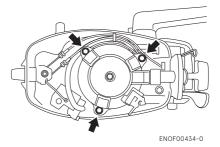
- Attach engine stop switch lanyard to clothing or any part of body like arm before starting engine.
- 1. Remove the top cowl.



Disconnect the rink of the starter lock rod.

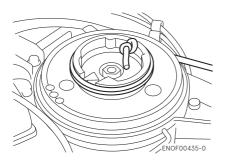


3. Remove the bolts (3 pcs) and remove the recoil starter.



 Insert the knotted end of the starter rope into the notch in the flywheel and wind the rope around the fly-

https://www.boat-maindatsecomic clockwise.

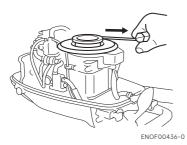


5. Tie a loop in the another end of the emergency starter rope and attach socket wrench that is included in the tool kit.

ENOW00860-0

Be sure to keep the harness away from the rotation parts.

- Be sure to install the stop switch lock to the stop switch, and attach the stop switch lanyard securely to the operator or to the operator's PFD (Personal Flotation Device.)
- 7. Set the control lever in the Neutral position.
- 8. Pull the starter handle slowly until you feel engagement, keep pulling till you feel less resistance. Then pull it quickly.



9. After engine starts, do not reinstall flywheel cover and top cowl.

ENOM00043-A

3. Warming up the engine

ENOW00932-0

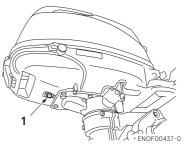
Be sure to check that cooling water is coming out of the cooling water check port during warm up.

Warm the engine at low engine speeds for about

3 minutes : above 5°C (41°F)

5 minutes at 2000 min⁻¹ (rpm) : below 5°C (41°F)

This allows the lubricating oil to circulate to all parts of the engine. Operating the engine without warm up shortens the engine's life.



1. Cooling water check port

Engine speeds

Idling speed after warming up.

Remark: In case of cold engine starting, idling speed is increased about 400 min⁻¹ (rpm) for several minutes.

Clutch in (In gear)	Clutch off (Out of gear)
1100 min ⁻¹ (rpm)	1300 min ⁻¹ (rpm)

ENOM00046-A

4. Forward, reverse, and acceleration

ENOW00037-0

Before shifting into forward or reverse, make sure that boat is properly moored and outboard motor can be steered fully to the right and left. Make sure that no swimmer(s) is ahead or astern of the boat.

ENOW00038-A

- Attach other end of emergency stop switch lanyard to the operator's PFD (Personal Flotation device) or arm and keep it attached during cruising.
- Do not attach the tether to a part of clothing that can be torn easily when pulled.
- Arrange the tether so that will not be caught by any object when pulled.
- Be careful not to pull the tether accidentally during cruising. Unintentional stop of engine can cause loss of control of outboard motor. Rapid loss of engine power can lead to falling down or causing passenger(s) to be thrown overboard.

ENOW00042-0

- Do not shift into Reverse during planing, or control will be lost leading to serious personal injury, boat may swamp, and/or hull may be damaged.
- Do not shift into Reverse during cruising, or control may be lost, falling down or causing passenger(s) to be thrown overboard. Leading to serious personal injury, and steering system and/or shifting mechanism may be damaged.

ENOW00861-0

🗥 WARNING

Do not shift at high boat speed, or control may be lost, falling down or causing passenger(s) to be thrown overboard. Leading to serious personal injury.

ENOW00862-0

Gear and clutch damage may occur if shifting at high engine speed.

Engine must be in the slow idle position before shifting is attempted.

ENOW00863-0

Idle speed may be higher during warming up of engine. If shifted to Forward or Reverse during warming up, it may be difficult to shift back to neutral. In such case, stop engine, shift to neutral, and restart engine to warm up.

ENON00014-0

Note

Frequent shifting to forward or reverse can accelerate wear or degradation of parts. In such case, replace gear oil earlier than the period specified.

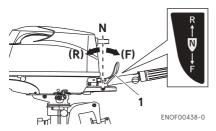
ENOW00864-0

Do not increase engine speed unnecessarily when the shift is in neutral and reverse, or engine damage may occur.

ENOM00890-A Tiller handle type

ENOW00865-A

Do not force to shift when the throttle grip is not in the fully closed position, otherwise, steering system and/or shifting mechanism may be damaged.



1. Shift lever

Forward

- 1. Turn the throttle grip to reduce engine speed.
- When the engine reaches trolling (or idling) speed, quickly pull the shift lever to the Forward position.

Reverse

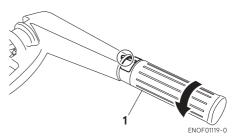
- 1. Turn the throttle grip to reduce engine speed.
- When the engine reaches trolling (or idling) speed, quickly pull the shift lever to the Reverse position.

Acceleration

ENOW00867-0

Sudden acceleration and deceleration may cause passenger(s) to be thrown overboard or falling down.

Open throttle grip gradually.



1. Throttle grip

ENOM00049-A

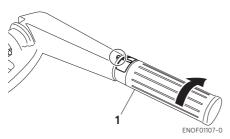
5. Stopping the engine

ENOW00868-0

Be careful not to remove engine stop switch lanyard from engine accidentally while boat is running. Sudden stop of engine can cause loss of steering control. It can also cause loss of boat speed, possibly leading the crew(s) and or objects on the boat to be thrown forward due to inertial force.

Tiller handle type

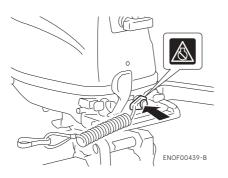
1. Turn the throttle grip to the slow position.



- 1. Throttle grip
- 2. Put the shift lever in the Neutral position.

Run the engine for 2-3 minutes at idling speed for cooling down if it has been running at full speed.

3. Push the stop switch.



ENOW00869-0

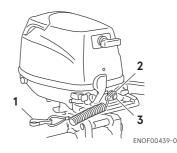
\land WARNING

After stopping the engine:

- Close the air vent screw on the fuel tank cap.
- Disconnect the fuel connector of the engine and the fuel tank.
- Disconnect the battery cord, after each use.

Emergency engine stopping

Remove stop switch lock to stop the engine.



- 1. Hock
- 2. Stop switch lock
- Stop switch

ENOM00910-0

Spare emergency stop switch lock

A spare emergency stop switch lock is provided in the tool bag.

When used as described, the emergency stop switch clip and emergency stop switch lanyard system stops the engine if the operator falls away from the controls. When an operator falls into water, be sure to use emergency stop switch lock of the spare.

Be sure to confirm the spare stop switch lock is in the tool bag before begin to operate.



ENOF00891-0

ENOM00920-A

6. Steering

ENOW00870-0

Sudden steering may cause passenger(s) to be thrown overboard or falling down.

Tiller handle type Right turn

Move the tiller handle to the left

Left turn

Move the tiller handle to the right.



ENOM00050-0

7. Trim angle

ENOW00043-A

- Adjust the trim angle when the engine is stopped.
- Do not put hand or finger in between outboard motor body and clamp bracket when adjusting trim angle to prevent injury in case the outboard motor body falls.
- Unsuitable trim position can cause loss of control of boat. When testing a trim position, run boat slow initially to see if it can be controlled safely.

ENOW00044-0

Excessive trim up or down may lead to unstable boat operation, potentially causing the steering difficulty that leads to accident during cruising.

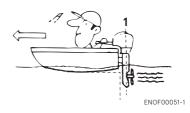
- Do not cruise at high speed if improper trim position is suspected. Stop the boat and readjust trim angle before continuing cruise.
- For outboard motor model with PTT switch on the bottom cowl, do not operate the switch during cruising, or control of boat may be lost.

The trim angle of the outboard motor can be adjusted to suit the transom angle of the hull, and load conditions. Choose an appropriate trim angle that will allow the anti-ventilation plate to run parallel to the water surface during operation.

ENOM00052-0

Proper trim angle

The position of the thrust rod is correct if the hull is horizontal during operation.



1. Perpendicular to the water surface

ENOM00053-A

Improper trim angle (bow rises too high)

Set the thrust rod (or preset knob) lower if the bow of the boat rises above horizontal.



ENOM00054-0

Improper trim angle (bow dips into the water)

Set the thrust rod (or preset knob) higher if the bow of the boat is below horizontal.



ENOF00053-0

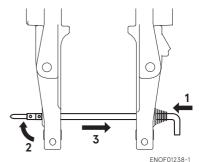


- 1. Trim angle adjustment hole
- 2. Thrust rod
- 3. Higher
- 4. Lower

Trim angle adjustment (Manual tilt type)

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Shift into neutral position.
- 3. Tilt up the outboard motor.

4. Remove the thrust rod as shown picture.



- 1. Push in
- 2. Rise the stopper
- 3. Pull out
- 5. Reinstall the thrust rod in the desired position securely.
- 6. Gentry tilt down the outboard motor.

ENOM00060-A

8. Tilt up and down

ENOW00055-0

A WARNING

Do not tilt up or down outboard motor when swimmer(s) or passenger is near to prevent them from being caught between outboard motor body and clamp bracket in case the outboard motor body falls.

ENOW00048-0

A WARNING

When tilting up or down, be careful not to place your hand between the swivel bracket and the stern bracket.

Be sure to tilt the outboard motor down slowly.

ENOW00056-A

When tilting up outboard motor with fuel joint for over a few minutes, be sure to disconnect fuel hose, or fuel may leak, potentially catching fire.

ENOW00057-0

Do not tilt up outboard motor while engine operates, or no cooling water may be fed, leading to engine seizure due to overheating.

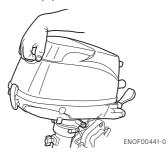
ENON00921-0 Note

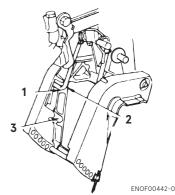
Before tilting the outboard motor up, after stopping the motor leave it in the running position for about a minute to allow water to drain from inside the engine.

ENOM00423-0

Tilt up

With the shift lever in Forward, fully tilt the motor up toward you by holding the tilt handle provided at the rear of the top cowl. Then slightly lower the motor for locking in the up position.



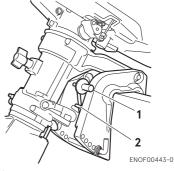


- 1. Tilt up position
- 2. Tilt stopper
- 3. Shallow water running position

ENOM00424-0

Tilt down Slightly tilt the motor up, and pull the tilt lever toward you to release the tilt-lock. Then lower the motor slowly.

.t (.



1. Tilt lever

2. Tilt stopper

ENOM00068-A

9. Shallow water operation

ENOW00051-0

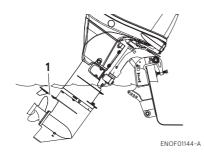
During shallow water operation, be careful not to place your hand between the swivel bracket and the clamp bracket. Be sure to tilt the outboard motor down slowly.

ENOW00053-0

While in shallow water drive position, do not operate the outboard motor in Reverse. Operate the outboard motor at slow speed and keep the cooling water intake submerged.

ENOW00054-A

Do not overtilt outboard motor when driving shallow water, or air may be sucked through water inlet, potentially leading to engine overheating.



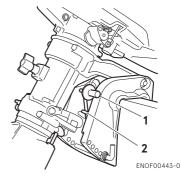
1. Water inlet

Manual tilt type Shallow water running position:

 With the shift lever in Forward, tilt the motor up slowly by about 40° and then lower the tilt lever for setting at the shallow water running position.

Return to normal running position:

2. Tilt the motor up fully and then return the motor down slowly to the normal running position.



- 1. Tilt lever
- 2. Tilt stopper

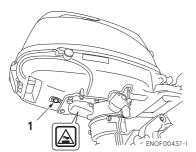
REMOVING AND CARRYING THE OUTBOARD MOTOR

ENOM00070-C

1. Removing the outboard motor

ENOW00064-0

Engine may be hot immediately after operating and could cause burns if touched. Allow engine to cool down before attempting to carry the outboard.



- 1. Cooling water check port
- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Remove the top cowl.
- Disconnect the fuel connector, the remote control cables and the battery cords from the outboard motor.
- 4. Remove the outboard motor from boat and completely drain the water from the gear case.



ENOM00071-A

2. Carrying the outboard motor

ENOW00933-0

Be sure to disconnect fuel connector except when operating engine.

Fuel leakage is a fire or explosion hazard, which can cause serious injury or death.

ENOW00065-0

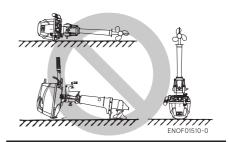
A WARNING

Close air vent screw of fuel tank before carrying or storing outboard motor and fuel tank, or fuel may leak, potentially catching fire.

ENOW00066-0

 Do not give a shock to an outboard motor during transportation. It becames a cause of breakage.

 Do not carry or store outboard motor in any of positions described below.
 Otherwise, engine damage or property damage could result from leaking oil.



Keep the outboard motor in a vertical position when carrying.

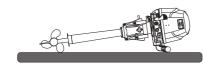
The optional outboard motor stand is recommended for keeping the outboard motor vertical both during transport and

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ENON00021-1 Note

- If the outboard motor must be laid down be sure drain the fuel, then the port side faces down as shown in the following drawing.
- Elevate power unit 2 inches to 4 inches if traveling to avoid oil spillage.



ENOF01512-0

ENOM00072-A

3. Trailering

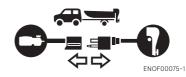
ENOW00072-0

Trailering in the tilted position may cause damage to the outboard motor, boat, etc.

ENOW00073-A

Be sure to disconnect fuel connector except when operating engine.

Fuel leakage is a fire or explosion hazard, which can cause serious injury or death.



ENOW00068-0

🛆 WARNING

Close air vent screw of fuel tank and fuel cock before carrying or storing outboard motor and fuel tank, or fuel may leak, potentially catching fire.

ENOW00071-0

The tilt support device supplied on your outboard motor is not intended for towing. It is intended to support the outboard motor while the boat is docked, beached, etc.

ENOW00072-A

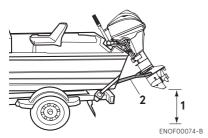
When trailering the outboard motor should be in a vertical (normal running) position, fully down. Trailering in the tilted position may cause damage to the outboard motor, boat, etc.

If trailering with outboard motor fully down is not available (the gear case skeg is too close to the road in a vertical position), fix the outboard motor securely using a device (like a transom saver bar) in the tilted position.

When transporting a boat on a trailer with the outboard motor still attached, disconnect the fuel line from the outboard motor beforehand and keep the outboard motor in the normal running position or on a transom saver bar.

Tiller handle type

To prevent the outboard motor from moving when it is attached on a boat during transport on a trailer, properly tighten the steering friction adjustment screw (page 46).



- 1. Ground clearance should be provided sufficiently.
- 2. Transom saver bar

ENOW00067-0

Do not go under outboard motor tilted up even if it is supported by support bar, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.



ENOM00073-E

1. Steering friction

Tiller handle type

ENOW00074-B

Do not overtighten the steering friction adjustment screw it could result in difficulty of movement resulting in the loss of control causing an accident and could lead to severe injury.

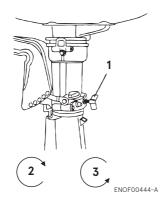
ENON00506-0 Note

The steering friction adjustment screw is used to adjust the friction load of the steering, but not to fix the steering. Excess tightening of the adjustment screw may cause damage to the swivel bracket.

ENOM00544-0

Steering friction can be adjusted in accordance with your preference by turning the steering friction adjustment screw.

9



- 1. Steering friction adjustment screw
- 2. Increase
- 3. Decrease

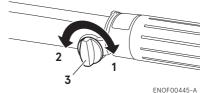
FENOM00074-A

2. Throttle grip friction

ENOW00074-B

Do not overtighten the throttle adjustment screw or it could result in difficulty of movement resulting in the loss of control causing an accident and could lead to severe injury.

Friction adjustment of the throttle grip can be made with the throttle adjustment screw.



- 1. Increase 2. Decrease
- 3. Throttle friction adjustment screw

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

ENOM00077-0

Care of your outboard motor

To keep your outboard motor in the best operating condition, it is very important that you perform daily and periodic maintenance as suggested in the maintenance schedules that follow.

ENOW00077-0

- Your personal safety and that of your passengers depends on how well you maintain your outboard motor. Carefully observe all of the inspection and maintenance procedures described in this section.
- The maintenance intervals shown in the checklist apply to an outboard motor in normal use. If you use your outboard motor under severe conditions such as frequent full-throttle operation, frequent operation in brackish water, or for commercial use, maintenance should be performed at shorter intervals. If in doubt, consult your dealer for advice.
- We strongly recommend that you use only genuine replacement parts on your outboard motor. Damage to your outboard motor arising from the use of other than genuine parts is not covered under the warranty.

ENOM00428-0

1. Daily Inspection

Perform the following checks before and after use.

ENOW00078-1

Do not use outboard motor if any abnormality is found during pre-operation check otherwise it could result in severe damage to the motor or severe personal injury.

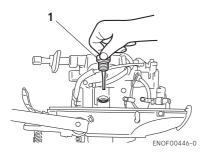
Item	Points to Check	Remedy
	• Check the amount of fuel in the tank.	Replenish
Fuel System	 Check for debris or water in the fuel filters. 	Clean or replace
	 Check the rubber hoses for fuel leakage. 	Replace
Fred Teals and	• Check for crack, leakage, damage in the fuel tank and cap.	Replace
Fuel Tank and Cap	 Check for crack, damage in the gasket and tether. 	Replace
Cap	Check for leakage at full close.	Replace
Engine Oil	Check the oil level.	Fill to the upper level mark on dipstick
	 Check that the main switch functions normally. 	Replace
	 Check that the battery electrolyte level and specific gravity are normal. 	Replenish or recharge
Electrical	 Check for loose connections on the battery terminal. 	Retighten
Equipment	\cdot Check that the stop switch functions normally and make sure	Remedy or replace
	the lock plate is there.	
	 Check cords for loose connections and damage. 	Correct or replace
	\cdot Check the spark plugs for dirt, wear and carbon build-up.	Clean or replace
Throttle System	Check carburetor linkage is working normally when turning the throttle grip.	Correct
Recoil Starter	 Check the rope for wear and chafing. 	Replace
Recoil Starter	 Check the ratchet engagement. 	Correct or replace
	\cdot Check that clutch engages correctly when operating the shift	Adjust
Clutch and	lever.	
Propeller Sys-	 Visually Check propeller for bent or damaged blades. 	Replace
tem	\cdot Check the propeller nut is tightened and the split pin is	
	present.	
Installation of	Check all the bolts attaching the motor to the boat.	Tighten
Motor	Check the thrust rod installation.	
Cooling Water	Check that cooling water is discharged from the cooling water shock part often the appring has started	Repair
	check port after the engine has started.	
Tools and	 Check that there are tools and spare parts for replacing spark plugs, the propeller, etc. 	
Spares	Check that you have the spare rope.	
Steering	Check the operation of the steering handle.	Repair
Devices		
Other parts	 Check if the anode is securely installed. 	Repair if necessary
	 Check the anode for corrosion and deformation. 	Replace

ENOM00081-B

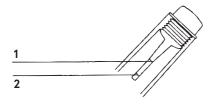
Oil level checking

If the oil level is low, or too high, the life of the engine will be shortened significantly.

- 1. Place the engine in a vertical position.
- 2. Remove the top cowl.
- 3. Remove the dipstick .
- 4. Wipe oil off the dipstick with a clean cloth
- 5. Screw the dipstick back completely.
- 6. Remove the dipstick again and check the oil level.
- 7. Return the dipstick.



1. Oil filler cap (Dipstick)



FNOF00447-0

- 1. Upper lever 450 mL
- 2. Lower lever 350 mL
 - ENON00024-0

Note

The oil level should be checked when the engine is cooled.

ENON00025-0

Note

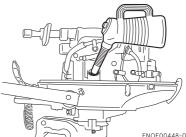
Consult with an authorized dealer if the engine oil is milky color, or appears contaminated.

ENOM00082-A Engine oil replenishing

ENOW00079-A

- Do not add engine oil of brand and grade other than existing one. In case engine oil of other brand or grade is added, drain all oil and ask dealer for treatment.
- In case other than engine oil such as gasoline is put in the oil chamber, empty the chamber and ask dealer for treatment.
- When replenishing engine oil, be careful not to allow entry of foreign matters such as dust and water into oil chamber.
- Wipe off engine oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.
- Do not replenish engine oil over upper limit. If overfilled, remove oil to upper limit. If engine oil is over the upper limit, it can leak potentially leading to engine damage.

If the oil level is low, or at lowest mark, add recommended oil to the middle dipstick mark.



ENOF00448-0

ENOM00083-B

Washing outboard motor

ENOW00081-0

Do not start engine without removing propeller, or accidentally turning propeller could cause personal injury.

ENOW00082-0

Never start or operate the engine indoors or in any space which is not well ventilated. Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless and odorless gas which can be fatal if inhaled for any length of time.

ENOW00920-0

When washing the outboard motor, be careful not to spray the water inside of the top cowl, especially electrical components.

ENON00026-0

It is recommended to check chemical properties of water on which your outboard motor is regularly used.

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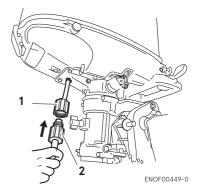
If outboard motor is used in salt water, brackish water or water with a high acidic level, use fresh water to remove salt, chemicals or mud. And flush cooling water passage after every cruising or before storing outboard motor for long time. Before flushing, remove the propeller and the forward thrust holder. ENOM00085-A

Flushing attachment

ENOW00922-0

To prevent the engine from starting when you are near the propeller, remove the stop switch lock.

- 1. Tilt down the outboard motor.
- Remove the water plug from the gear case, and screw in the flushing attachment.
- Connect a water hose. Turn on the water and adjust the flow (Be sure to seal the water inlet, located in the gear case with tape).
- Put the shift lever in the neutral position and start the engine. Continue flushing the outboard motor for 3 to 5 minutes at idling.
- Stop the engine and water supply. Remove the flushing attachment and tape. After the flushing, be sure to reattach the water plug.



1. Flushing attachment (option)

2. Garden hose (commercial available)

ENOMO0085-A Flushing by test tank

ENOW00081-0

Do not start engine without removing propeller, or accidentally turning propeller could cause personal injury.

ENOW00082-0

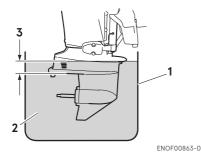
Never start or operate the engine indoors or in any space which is not well ventilated. Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless and odorless gas which can be fatal if inhaled for any length of time.

ENOW00036-A

When the engine is started in the test tank, to avoid over heating and water pump damage, be sure the water level is at least 10 cm (4 in.) above the anti ventilation plate.

And be sure to remove the propeller, when starting the engine in the test tank. (See page 58)

Run the engine only at idling.



- 1. Test tank
- 2. Water
- 3. Over 10 cm (4 in.)

ENOM00950-0

Fuse replacement (for SP type)

ENOW00923-0

Before replacing a fuse, disconnect the battery cable from the battery negative (-) terminal. Failure to do so may cause a shortcircuit.

ENOW00924-0

Never use a fuse with a rating that exceeds the specified rating as this could cause serious damage to the electrical system.

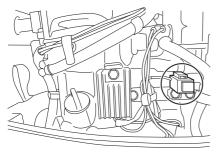
If a blown fuse is detected, try to determine the cause for this and correct it. If the cause for the problem is not corrected, the fuse will likely blow again.

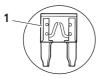
If the fuse continues to blow, request an authorized Tohatsu dealer to inspect the outboard motor.

- Stop the engine and disconnect the battery cable from the battery negative (-) terminal.
- 2. Remove the engine cover.
- 3. Remove the fuse box lid.

52 INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

 Remove the fuse and check it. If the fuse is blown, replace it with a fuse of the same specified rating. The outboard motor is supplied with spare fuses in the spare fuse holder.





ENOF01524-0

1. Blown fuse

10

ENOM00431-0

2. Periodic Inspection

It is important to inspect and maintain your outboard motor regularly. At each interval on the chart below, be sure to perform the indicated servicing.

Maintenance intervals should be determined according to the number of hours or number of months, whichever comes first.

			Inspectio	n intervals				
De	Description			First 20 Every 50 Every 100 Every 200 hours of 1 hours of 3 hours of 6 hours of 1 month months months year		Inspection procedure	Remarks	
	Carburetor ^{*1}			•	•	Strip, Clean, and adjust.		
	Fuel filter	•	•	•	•	Check and clean or Replace if neces- sary.	Entire cartridge	
	Piping/Hoses	•	•	•	•	Check and clean or Replace if neces- sary.		
Fuel System	Fuel tank	•		•	•	Clean		
	Fuel tank cap	•	•	•	•	Check and clean or Replace if neces- sary.		
	Fuel pump*1	•	•	•	•	Check and clean or Replace if neces- sary.	Disassemble and check each 300 hours.	
Ignition	Spark plug	•		•	•	Check gaps. Remove carbon deposits or Replace if necessary.	0.8-0.9 mm (0.031-0.035 in)	
	Ignition timing ^{*1}	•		•	•	Check timing.		
Starting Sys- tem	Starter rope	•	•	•	•	Check for wear or chafing.		
	Engine oil	Replace •		Replace •	Replace •	Replace if necessary.		
Engine	Valve Clearance ^{*1}	•		•	•	Check & adjust.	IN: 0.06-0.14 mm (0.0024-0.0055 in) EX: 0.11-0.19 mm (0.0043-0.0075 in)	
	Thermostat ^{*1}			•	•	Check and Replace if necessary.		
	Propeller	•	•	•	•	Check for bent blades, damage, wear.	1	
Lower Unit	Gear oil	Replace •	•	Replace •	Replace •	Change or replenish-oil and check for water leaks.	195 mL (6.6 fl.oz)	
	Water pump ^{*1}		•	•	•	Check for wear or damage.	Replace impeller every 12 months.	
Warning Syste	•m ^{*1}		•	•	•	Check function.		
Bolts and Nut	s	•	•	•	•	Retighten		
Sliding and Rotating Parts. Grease Nipples		•	•	•	•	Apply and pump in grease.		
Outer Equipm	ient	•	•	•	•	Check for corrosion.		
Anode			•	•	•	Check for corrosion and deformation.	Replace if neces- sary.	

*1: Have this handled by your dealer.

ENON00030-0

Your outboard motor should receive careful, and complete inspection at 300 hours. This is the best time for major maintenance procedures to be carried out.

ENOMODO91-B Engine oil replacement

ENOW00091-0

You may be injured due to high engine temperatures if you fill engine oil just after stopping. Changing engine oil should be done after the engine has been cooled.

ENOW00092-A

- Do not overfill engine oil, or engine oil could leak and/or engine could be damaged. If engine oil level is over upper limit marks of oil gauge, drain oil to level lower than upper limit.
- Be sure that outboard motor is in upright and level position when checking or changing oil.
- Stop engine immediately if low oil pressure warning lamp is lit or oil leak is found, or engine could be severely damaged. Consult dealer.
- Wipe off engine oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

ENOW00090-0

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Use of engine oils that do not meet these requirements will result in reduced engine life, and other engine problems.

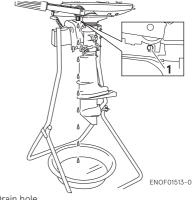
ENOW00933-0

Engine oil mixed with dust or water will dramatically shorten the life of the engine.

To change engine oil:

Be sure to use recommended engine oil (see page 13).

- 1. Stop the engine and allow it to cool.
- 2. Turn the steering on the outboard motor left.
- 3. Put a oil drain pan under the oil drain screw.
- Remove the oil drain screw and completely drain oil from the engine.



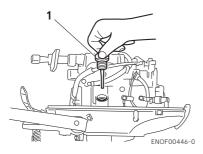
1. Drain hole

 Tighten the oil drain screw with applying oil on the sealing surface of screw. (Use new oil drain washer)

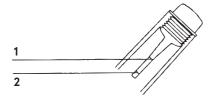
Oil drain screw specified torque

18N·m (13 ft·lb, 1.8 kgf·m)

- 6. Remove the top cowl and the oil filler cap.
- 7. Fill the engine through filler port with recommended oil (see chart below) to the middle of dipstick mark.
- 8. Tighten the oil filler cap.



1. Oil filler cap (Dipstick)

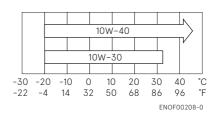


ENOF00447-0

- 1. Upper limit (Max.)
- 2. Lower limit (Min.)

ENON00920-0

Use only recommended engine oil (See page 12)



Oil volume needed for complete oil replacement

450 mL (15.2 fl.oz.)

ENOW00925-0

Wipe off engine oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

ENON00031-0

- If any amount of water is found in engine oil, making it milky white, consult dealer.
- If engine oil is contaminated with fuel, emitting strong fuel smell, consult dealer.
- Some oil dilution is normal if engine is idled or trolled for long periods, especially in cooler water temperatures.

ENOM00093-A Fuel filters and fuel tank cleaning

ENOW00093-A

A WARNING

Gasoline and its vapors are very flammable and can be explosive.

- Do not start this procedure while engine is operating or hot even after stopping it.
- Place fuel filter away from every source of ignition such as sparks or open flames.

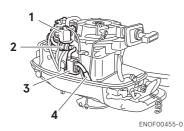
- Wipe off gasoline well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.
- Install fuel filter with all related parts in place, or fuel leak could occur, leading to catching fire or explosion.
- Check fuel system regularly for leakage.
- Contact authorized dealer for fuel system services. Services by unqualified person could lead to engine damage.

Fuel filters are provided inside the fuel tank and engine.

ENOM00094-0

Fuel filter (for engine)

 Replace the fuel filter provided inside of engine cover if there is water or dirt inside.



1. Carburetor

10

- 2. Fuel filter
- 3. Fuel pump
- 4. Fuel pipe

ENOM00096-A

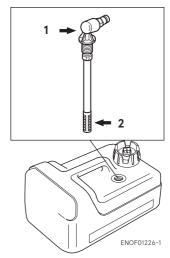
Fuel filter (for fuel tank)

Water or dirt in the fuel tank will cause engine performance problems.

Check and clean the tank at specified times or after the outboard motor has been stored for a long period of time (over three months).

 Remove the fuel pickup elbow of the fuel tank by turning it counterclockwise

- 2. Clean the fuel filter and check the Oring. Replace it if necessary.
- 3. Reassemble all parts.



- 1. Fuel pick-up
- 2. Filter

ENOM00098-A

Gear oil replacement

ENOW00094-0

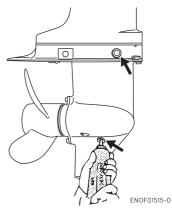
- Be sure that outboard motor is secured to transom or service stand, or accidental drop or fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- Be sure to lock outboard motor if it is tilted up, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- Do not go under outboard motor tilted up and locked, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- 1. Tilt down the outboard motor.
- 2. Remove the oil plugs (lower and upper), and completely drain the gear oil into a pan.



 Insert the oil tube nozzle into the lower oil plug hole, and fill with gear oil by squeezing the oil tube until oil flows out of the upper plug hole and bubbles is disappeared to remove the air. ENON00033-0

Note

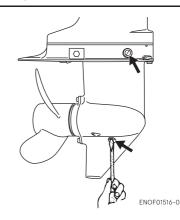
Use genuine gear oil or the recommended one (API GL-5: SAE #80 to #90). Required volume: approx. 195 mL (6.6 fl.oz.).



 Install the upper oil plug, and then remove oil tube nozzle and install the lower oil plug.

ENOW00095-0

Do not reuse oil plug gasket. Always use new gasket and tighten oil plug properly to prevent entry of water into lower unit.



ENOW00928-0

Wipe off gear oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

ENON00032-0

If water in the oil, giving it a milky colored appearance. Contact your dealer.

ENON00033-0

Use genuine gear oil or the recommended one (API GL-5: SAE #80 to #90). Required volume: approx. 195 mL (6.6 fl.oz.)

ENOM00086-A

Propeller replacement

ENOW00084-0

- Do not begin propeller removal and installation procedure with spark plug caps attached, shift in forward or reverse, main switch at other than "OFF", engine stop switch lock attached to the switch, and starter key attached, or engine could accidentally start leading to serious personal injury. Disconnect battery cable if possible.
- The propeller edge is thin and sharp. Wear the groves during replacement to protect your hands.

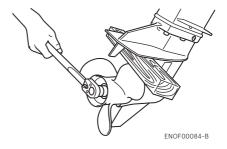
ENOW00086-0

- Do not install propeller without thrust holder, or propeller boss could be damaged.
- Do not reuse split pin.

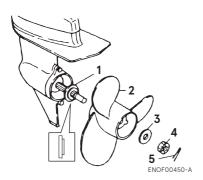
 After installing split pin, spread the pin apart to prevent it from falling out which could lead to the propeller coming off during operation.

A worn-out or bent propeller will lower the motor's performance, and cause engine trouble.

 Put a piece of wood block between propeller blade and anti-ventilation plate to hold propeller.



- 2. Remove the split pin, propeller nut and washer.
- 3. Remove the propeller and thrust holder.
- Apply water proof grease to the propeller shaft before installing a new propeller.
- Install the thrust holder, propeller, stopper, washer and propeller nut onto the shaft.



- 1. Thrust holder
- 2. Propeller
- 3. Washer
- 4. Propeller nut
- 5. Split pin
- 6. Tighten the propeller nut to specified torque, and align one of grooves to propeller shaft hole.

Propeller nut torque:

12 N·m (9 ft·lb, 1.2 kgf·m)

7. Install a new split pin into the nut hole and bend it.



ENOF00084-D

ENOMO0087-A Spark plugs replacement

ENOW00087-0

🗥 WARNING

- Do not reuse spark plug with damaged insulation, or sparks can leak through crack, potentially leading to electric shock, explosion and/or fire.
- Do not touch spark plugs immediately after stopping engine as they will be hot

and could cause severe burns if touched. Allow motor to cool down first.

ENOW00929-0

Use only the recommended spark plugs. Spark plugs which have an different heat range may cause engine damage.

If the spark plug(s) is fouled, has carbon build up, or is worn, it should be replaced.

When reusing spark plugs, remove dirt from the electrodes and adjust spark gap to specification.

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Remove the top cowl.
- 3. Remove the spark plug caps.
- Remove the spark plugs by turning it counter-clockwise, using a 5/8" (16 mm) socket wrench and handle that is provided in tool bag.
- Inspect the spark plug. Replace the spark plug if the electrodes are worn or if the insulators are cracked or chipped.
- Measure the spark plug electrode gap with a wire type feeler gauge. The gap should be 0.8-0.9 mm (0.031-0.035 in). If the gap is different, replace the spark plug with a new one Use spark plug NGK DCPR-6E.

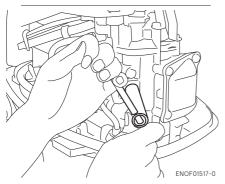
60 INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

- 1. Electrode
- 2. Spark gap (0.8-0.9 mm, 0.031-0.035 in)
- 7. Install the spark plug by hand and turn it carefully to avoid cross-threading.
- 8. Tighten the spark plug to the specified torque.

ENON00028-0

 Spark plug torque: 18.0 N·m (13.3 ft·lb) [1.84 kgf·m]

If a torque-wrench is not available when you are fitting a spark plug, a good estimate of the correct torque is 1/4 to 1/2 a turn past finger-tight. Have the spark plug adjusted to the correct torque as soon as possible with a torque-wrench.



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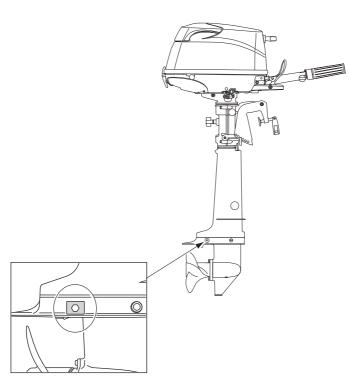
ENOM00088-B

Anode replacement

A sacrificial anode protects the outboard motor from electrolytic corrosion. Anode is located on the gear case, etc.. When the anode is eroded more than 1/3 of original size, replace it.

ENON00029-0 Notes

- Never grease or paint the anode.
- At each inspection re-tighten the anode attaching bolt. As it is likely to be subjected to electrolytic corrosion.



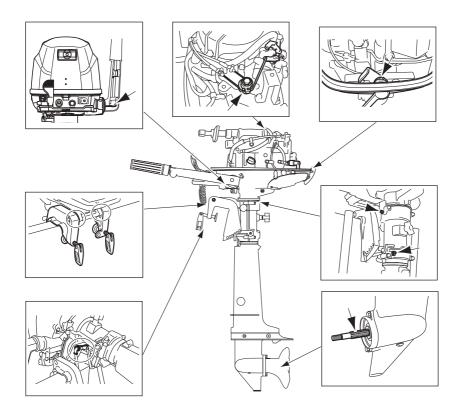
ENOF01518-0

62 INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

ENOM00960-0

Grease point

Apply water proof grease to the parts shown below.



10

ENOF01519-0

ENOM00100-A

3. Off-season storage

ENOW00934-0

- Be sure to disconnect fuel connector except when operating engine.
- Fuel leakage is a fire or explosion hazard, which can cause serious injury or death.

ENOW00097-0

Be sure to use cloth to remove fuel remaining in the cowl and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

Before you put your outboard motor in storage, it is a good opportunity to have it serviced and prepared by your dealer. Be sure to use fuel stabilizer while running the motor before storage. (See page 64)

ENOM00101-A

Engine

 Wash the engine exterior and flush the cooling water system thoroughly with fresh water. Drain the water completely.

Wipe off any surface water with an oily rag.

2. Remove the fuel hose from the outboard motor. 3. Drain all fuel from the fuel hoses, fuel pump and carburetor (See page 65), and clean these parts.

Keep in mind that if gasoline is kept in the carburetor for a long time, gum and varnish will develop, causing the float valve to stick, restricting the fuel flow.

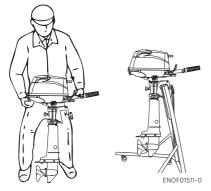
- 4. Remove the spark plugs and put a teaspoon of engine oil or spray storage oil into the combustion chamber through the spark plug holes.
- 5. Pull the recoil starter several turns to lubricate inside the cylinder.

ENOW00930-0

- Be sure to remove stop switch lock to prevent ignited the spark plugs.
- Put a cloth to spark plug hole and wipe up any spilled engine oil, when cranking the outboard motor.
- 6. Change the engine oil (See page 54).
- 7. Change the gear oil in the gear case (See page 57).
- 8. Apply grease to grease point (See page 62).

64 INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

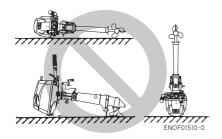
9. Stand the outboard motor up vertically in a dry place.



ENOW00066-0

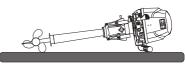
Do not carry or store outboard motor in any of positions described below.

Otherwise, engine damage or property damage could result from leaking oil.



ENON00021-1

- If the outboard motor must be laid down be sure drain the fuel, then the outboard motor on a cushion as shown in the following drawing (See page 44 and 64).
- Elevate power unit 2 inches to 4 inches if traveling to avoid oil spillage.



ENOF01512-0

Adding a fuel stabilizer

When adding a fuel stabilizer additive (commercially available), first fill the fuel tank with fresh fuel. If the fuel tank is only partially filled, air in the tank can cause the fuel to deteriorate during storage.

- 1. Before adding fuel stabilizer additive, drain the carburetor (See page 65).
- 2. Follow the instructions on the label when adding the fuel stabilizer additive.
- After adding the additive, let the outboard motor run in the water for 10 minutes to make sure any old fuel in the fuel system has been completely replaced by the fuel with additive.
- 4. Turn the engine OFF

ENON00891-0

If your motor is used occasionally, it is recommended to use a good fuel stabilizer in every tank of fuel and keep the container full to reduce condensation and evaporation.

ENOM00970-0

Fuel system draining

ENOW00028-A

For details on handling fuel, contact an authorized dealer.

Fuel and fuel vapors are extremely flammable and can be explosive.

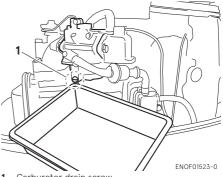
- If fuel is spilled, wipe it up immediately.
- Keep the fuel tank well away from sources of ignition, e.g. sparks or open flames
- Perform all work outdoors or in a well ventilated place.

ENOW00097-0

Be sure to use cloth to remove fuel remaining in the cowl and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

- Disconnect the fuel hose from the outboard motor.
- 2. Remove the top cowl.
- 3. Place an approved fuel container under the drain screw and use a funnel to avoid spilling fuel.
- 4. Loosen the carburetor drain screw.
- 5. Tilt up the outboard motor until fuel flows out of the drain hole.
- 6. Leave the outboard motor in this position until all fuel has been drained.
- 7. When thoroughly drained, retighten the drain screw securely.

8. Check the drained fuel for the presence of water or other contaminants. If either is present, reassemble the outboard motor, refill the carburetor with fuel, and then drain the fuel again. Repeat this procedure until no water or other contaminants are present in the drained fuel.



1. Carburetor drain screw

ENOM00102-0

Battery

ENOW00931-A

- Place the battery away from any source of fire, sparks and open flames such as burners or welding equipment.
- Place the battery away from fuel tank. Accidental sparks of battery may cause explosion of gasoline.
- Disconnect the battery cables and be sure to remove the negative terminal first.
- 2. Wipe off any chemical deposits, dirt, or grease.
- 3. Apply grease to the battery terminals.
- 4. Charge the battery completely before storing it for the winter.

- 5. Recharge the battery once a month to prevent it from discharging and the electrolyte from deteriorating.
- 6. Store the battery in a dry place.

ENOM00104-A

4. Pre-season check

The following steps must be taken when first using the engine after off-season storage.

- 1. Check that the shift and throttle function properly. (Be sure to turn the propeller shaft when checking the shift function or else the shift linkage may be damaged.)
- 2. Check the electrolyte level, and measure the voltage and specific gravity of the battery.

Specific Grav- ity at 20°C	Terminal Volt- age (V)	Charge Condi- tion
1.120	10.5	Fully discharged
1.160	11.1	1/4 charged
1.210	11.7	1/2 charged
1.250	12	3/4 charged
1.280	13.2	Fully charged

- 10
- 3. Check that the battery is secure and the battery cables are properly installed.
- 4. Change the engine oil (See page 54).
- Before starting the engine, disconnect stop switch lock and crank approximately 10 times in order to prime the oil pump.
- 6. Fill fuel tank completely.
- Start the engine and warm up the engine for 3 minutes in the "NEU-TRAL" position.
- 8. Run the engine for 5 minutes at the slowest speed.

 Run the engine for 10 minutes at half throttle. The oil used for storage inside the engine will be circulated out to assure optimum performance.

ENOM00105-C

5. Submerged outboard motor

ENOW00098-0

Do not attempt to start submerged outboard motor immediately after it is recovered, or engine could be severely damaged.

After taking your outboard motor out of the water, immediately take it to your dealer.

The following are the emergency measures to be taken for a submerged outboard motor, if you can not take it your dealer right away.

- 1. Wash the outboard motor with fresh water to remove salt or dirt.
- 2. Remove the engine oil drain screw and completely drain water and oil from the engine.
- 3. Remove the spark plugs, and completely drain the water from the engine by pulling recoil starter several times.

Replace oil to the correct level.

The oil and filter may need to be changed again after running a short period to get all moisture completely out of the crankcase.

 Inject a sufficient amount of engine oil through the spark plug holes.
 Pull the recoil starter rope several times to circulate the oil throughout the outboard motor.

ENOM00106-A

6. Cold weather precautions

If you moor your boat in cold weather at temperatures below 0°C (32°F), there is the danger of remained water freezing in the cooling water pump, which may damage the pump, impeller, etc. To avoid this problem, submerge the lower half of the outboard motor into the water.

ENOM00107-A

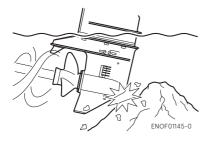
7. Striking underwater object

ENOW00935-0

Striking the sea bottom or an underwater object may severely damage the outboard motor.

Follow the procedure below and consult a dealer as soon as possible.

- 1. Stop the engine immediately.
- 2. Check the control system, gear case, boat transom etc.
- 3. Return to the nearest harbor slowly and carefully.
- 4. Consult a dealer check the outboard motor before operation again.



ENOM00120-2

8. Auxiliary outboard motor operation

When the auxiliary outboard motor is not in operation, be sure to remove the stop switch lock, shift into forward, and then tilt the outboard motor up. Otherwise, over-rotation of the propeller due to water spray and water ingestion that could cause damage to the outboard motor.

TROUBLESHOOTING

ENOM00436-0

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If you encounter a problem, consult the check list below to determine the cause and to take the proper action.

An authorized dealer will always be happy to provide any assistance and information.

	Engine failing to start	Engine starting but stopping soon	Poor idling	Poor acceleration	Engine speed abnormally high	Engine speed abnormally low	Boat speed low	Overheating of engine	Warning lamp ON	Possible cause
	•	٠								Empty fuel tank
	٠	٠	•	٠		٠	٠	٠		Incorrect connection of fuel system
	٠	٠	•	٠		٠	٠	٠		Air entering fuel line
EM	٠	•	•	٠		•	•	•		Deformed or damaged fuel hose
ΥST	•	٠		٠		٠	•			Closed air vent on fuel tank
FUEL SYSTEM	•	٠		٠		٠	•			Clogged fuel filter, fuel pump, or carburetor
FUI				٠		٠	•			Use of improper engine oil
	•	•	•	•			•	•		Use of improper gasoline
	•	•	•	•						Excessive supply of fuel
	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		Poor carburetor adjustment
5	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		Spark plug other than specified
STEN	•	•	•	•		•	•			Dirt, soot, etc. on spark plug
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	•	٠		•		٠	•			No Spark or weak spark
CAL	•									Short circuit of engine stop switch
TRI	•		•	•						Ignition timing incorrect
ILEC	٠									Lock plate not fitted
Ш	•									Disconnection of wire or loose ground connection
ON M		٠		•		٠				Low compression
PRESSIO & SYSTEM			•					•		Carbon deposits in the combustion chamber
IPRE & - SYS				٠			٠			Incorrect valve clearance
COMPRESSION & OIL SYSTEM								•		Low oil pressure/level

	Engine failing to start	Engine starting but stopping soon	Poor idling	Poor acceleration	Engine speed abnormally high	Engine speed abnormally low	Boat speed low	Overheating of engine	Warning lamp ON	Possible cause	
						•		٠	٠	Low oil level	
ENGINE OIL SYSTEM								•	•	Use of improper oil	
VGINE OI SYSTEM						•		•	•	Oil deterioration	
SI						•		٠	٠	Clogged oil strainer	
						•		•	•	Faulty oil pump	
	•		•	•		•	•			Incorrect adjustment of throttle link	
							•	•		Insufficient cooling water flow, clogged or defective pump	
			٠				٠	٠		Faulty thermostat	
ERS				٠	٠		٠	٠		Cavitation or ventilation	
OTHERS				٠	٠	٠	٠	٠		Incorrect propeller selection	
0			٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠		Damaged or bent propeller	
				٠	٠		٠	٠		Improper thrust rod position	
				٠	٠	٠	٠	٠		Unbalanced load on boat	
				٠	٠	•	•	٠		Transom too high or too low	

ACCESSORIES KIT

ENOM00437-0

	Items	Quantity		Remark	
	Tool bag	1			
	Pliers	1			
	Socket wrench	1	10 × 13 mm		
Service tools	Socket wrench	1	16 mm		
	Socket wrench handle	1			
	Screwdrivers	1	Cross-and straight-point		
	Screwdriver handle	1			
	Emergency starter rope	1	1000 mm		
Spare parts	Spark plug	1	NGK: DCPR6E		
spare parts	Split pin	1			
	Stop switch lock	1			
Parts Packaged	Fuel tank	1	12 L	Separate fuel tank model only	
with Engine	Primer bulb	1 set		Separate fuel tank model only	

PROPELLER TABLE

ENOM00438-0

Use a genuine propeller.

A propeller must be selected so that the engine RPM measured at wide open throttle while cruising is within the recommended range.

4: 4500-5500 min⁻¹ (rpm)

5: 4500-5500 min⁻¹ (rpm)

6: 5000-6000 min⁻¹ (rpm)

	Propeller Mark	Propeller Size pitc		Standard propeller on the model			
	Mark	in.	mm	4	5	6	
Light boats	9	7.9 × 9.0	200 × 229				
	8	7.8 × 8.0	198 × 203		S, L	S, L	
	7	7.8 × 7.0	198 × 178	S, L			
Heavy boats	6	7.9 × 6.0	200 × 152			*UL	

S: Short shaft

L: Long shaft

UL: Extra long shaft

*: SP model

O W N E R' S M A N U A L

MFS 4C MFS 5C MFS 6C

TOHATSU CORPORATION

5-4, Azusawa 3-Chome, Itabashi-Ku Tokyo 174-0051, Japan Tel: +81-3-3966-3117 Fax: +81-3-3966-0090 www.tohatsu.com

https://www.boat-manuals.com/

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